Building on past agreements and issues discussed in earlier conferences particularly in the 5th AMCDPR (Yogyakarta 22-25 October 2012) as well as Indonesia’s own experiences, nations should underline the importance of enhancing DRM implementation at the local level as part of the strategic venue to build nations and communities’ resilience to disasters.

Disaster risk reduction and resilience to disasters needs to be addressed with a renewed sense of urgency in the context of sustainable development and poverty eradication and as appropriate to be integrated into policies, plans, programs and budgets at all levels and considered within relevant future frameworks.

Due to the increasing adverse impacts of water-related disasters, there is need to develop national and transboundary disaster prevention and response strategies. Solutions encompass integrated risk management and emergency plans, which take into account water and sanitation ecosystems protection and restoration, integrated flood and drought management and infrastructure construction.

We kindly request to incorporate the recommendations of the Yogyakarta Declaration into policies, strategies and action plans of governments in order to strengthen the resilience of nations and communities to disaster.